

PFAS in Fish Guidelines

Fish tested in several locations found levels of per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS) above Maine CDC's recommended levels for regular consumption. Exposure to certain PFAS chemicals has been associated with:

- changes in liver and kidney function,
- changes in cholesterol levels,
- decreased immune response to vaccines in children,
- complications during pregnancy, and
- increased risk of kidney cancer and possibly testicular cancer.

Limit or eliminate consumption of all fish or certain fish species from these waterbodies.

Safe Eating Guidelines: PFAS

Area	Guidelines
Police Athletic League (PAL) Ponds in	Do not eat any fish from these waters.
Fairfield:	
Fish Brook in Fairfield, including any	Do not eat any fish from these waters.
tributaries, from the headwaters to the	
confluence with Messalonskee Stream:	
Messalonskee Stream from the Rice Rips	No more than 3 fish meals per year of any
Dam in Oakland to the Automatic Dam in	fish species.
Waterville:	
All of Durepo Pond and Limestone Stream	No more than 3 fish meals per year of brook
from Durepo to the dam near Route 229 in	trout and do not eat smallmouth bass from
Limestone:	these waters.
The Mousam River from below the Number	No more than 3 fish meals per year of any
One Pond Dam to Outlet Dam on Estes Lake,	fish species.
including all of Estes Lake in Sanford:	
The Presumpscot River from Saccarappa Falls	No more than 4 fish meals per year of any
in Westbrook to Presumpscot Falls in	fish species.
Falmouth:	
Unity Pond in Unity:	No more than 6 fish meals per year of black
	crappie and no more than 12 fish meals per
	year for all other fish species.